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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/717,413	11/21/2000	Owen H. Decker	FA0972 US NA	6493
23906	7590 09/20/2002			
E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128			EXAMINER	
			SHOSHO, CALLIE E	
4417 LANCASTER PIKE			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WILMINGIC	ON, DE 19805		1714	1/
			DATE MAILED: 09/20/2002	· P

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Q~D				
·	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/717,413	DECKER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Callie E. Shosho	1714				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ars on the cov r sh t with th	correspondenc addr ss				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute,  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron cause the application to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 h	<u>1ay 2002</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>b</i> Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2 and 5-7</u> is/are pending in the appl	ication.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-2 and 5-7</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accep	ted or b)☐ objected to by the Exa	iminer.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		oved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		Para Nia				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
<ul> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur</li> <li>See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the company of the prior and the prior application for a list of the certified copies of the prior application for a list of the prior application from the</li></ul>	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	•				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(	e) (to a provisional application).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro- 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. All outstanding rejections except for those described below are overcome by applicants' amendment filed 5/31/02.

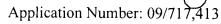
## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tolliver et al. (U.S. 6,217,252) taken in view of the evidence given in *Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering*.

The rejection is adequately set forth in paragraph 5 of the office action mailed 1/17/02, Paper No. 2, and is incorporated here by reference.

4. Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Muthiah et al. (U.S. 6,017,640) taken in view of the evidence given in Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering.

The rejection is adequately set forth in paragraph 6 of the office action mailed 1/17/02, Paper No. 2, and is incorporated here by reference.



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## Response to Arguments

5. Applicants' arguments filed 5/31/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Specifically, applicants' argue that:

- (a) Tolliver et al. is not directed to powder coating that provides matte finish and there is no teaching of how to reduce gloss of powder surface without negatively influencing flow of the powder on baking to form a smooth surface acceptable for automotive use.
- (b) Muthiah et al. do not suggest particular spherical particles in amount, type, and size presently claimed.

With respect to argument (a), it is noted that Tolliver et al. disclose powder coating composition comprising thermoplastic or thermosetting polymer and 5-35% filler wherein the filler is preferably spheroidal and includes ceramic microspheres and method of adding the spheroidal particle to the powder coating composition.

While there is no explicit disclosure of the median particle diameter or the maximum particle diameter of the ceramic microspheres, it is well known as found in *Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering* that ceramic microspheres typically possess median particle diameter of 10-30 µm and the maximum particle diameter of 5-60 µm. Thus, given that Tolliver et al. disclose composition as presently claimed, it is clear that such composition inherently possesses low gloss and that the method inherently reduces gloss as presently claimed.

Although there is no teaching in either Tolliver et al. or *Encyclopedia of Polymer Science* and *Engineering* of reducing gloss without negatively influencing flow of the powder on baking

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to form a smooth surface acceptable for automotive use, it is noted that there is nothing in the claims regarding process of baking the powder or process of using the powder in automotive applications. The claims only require composition comprising thermoplastic or thermosetting polymer and specific type and amount of spheroidal particles, which, as described above, is disclosed by Tolliver et al.

While Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering does not teach the use of fillers such as ceramic microspheres in powder coating composition to reduce gloss or amount of microspheres as presently claimed, it is noted that Tolliver et al. already disclose powder coating composition containing specific amount of microspheres. Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering is only used to teach that the microspheres already disclosed by Tolliver et al. do in fact possess the median particle diameter and the maximum particle diameter as presently claimed.

With respect top argument (b), it is noted that Muthiah et al. teach low gloss powder coating composition comprising polymer and ceramic, hollow glass, or resin microspheres and method of reducing gloss by adding the microspheres to the composition. It is calculated that the microspheres are present in amount of 0.08-50%. Thus, Muthiah et al. explicitly discloses both the amount and type of spheroidal particles presently claimed.

While there is no explicit disclosure of the median particle diameter or the maximum particle diameter as claimed, given that Muthiah et al. disclose that the microspheres are used to provide low gloss composition, it is clear that the microspheres must inherently possess median particle diameter and the maximum particle diameter as presently claimed. Evidence to support

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this position is found in *Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering*, which discloses that ceramic microspheres typically possess particle size of 10-30 μm and maximum particle size of 5-60 μm while hollow glass microspheres possess maximum particle size of 10-200 μm and average particle diameter of greater than 15 μm (pages 789 and 791-792).

While there is no teaching in either Muthiah et al. or *Encyclopedia of Polymer Science* and Engineering that only the use of certain fillers does not negatively influence the flow of powder coating on curing to avoid finish having an orange peel appearance, it is noted that claims 5-7 are drawn to method of reducing gloss, not method of curing. Further, given that Muthiah et al. taken in view of the evidence in *Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and* Engineering discloses powder coating composition and method of reducing gloss of powder coating identical to that presently claimed, it is clear that such powder coating composition would inherently possess good flow upon curing without orange peel appearance.

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Callie E. Shosho whose telephone number is 703-305-0208. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (6:30-4:00) Alternate Fridays Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on 703-306-2777. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Callie Shosho September 16, 2002

VASU JAGANNATHAN
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SUPERVISORY PATER TXAMINER
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